

**BACHELOR IN COMPUTER
APPLICATIONS****Term-End Examination****June, 2007****CS-64 (S) : INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER
ORGANISATION***Time : 3 hours**Maximum Marks : 75*

Note : Question number 1 is **compulsory**. Answer any **three** questions from the rest.

1. (a) Describe the following in the context of computer organisation and/or 8086 microprocessor, with the help of an example, if necessary : 15
- (i) Use of Interrupt 21H for data string input
 - (ii) Characteristics of Von Neumann machine
 - (iii) Types of programmer visible registers
 - (iv) Selective complement and Insert operation
 - (v) Write a program to illustrate addition of two 8-bit registers in 8086 having packed BCD numbers.

- (b) Discuss how floating point numbers are represented in a computer. Take suitable examples. 5
- (c) Discuss the instruction fetch and execute cycles in a digital computer. 5
- (d) Simplify the following boolean function : 5
- $$F = \left[\overline{(\overline{A + B}) + (\overline{A + B})} \right]$$
2. (a) Draw and briefly explain the memory hierarchy. 6
- (b) Briefly explain the terms unit of transfer and access modes for the memory system. 5
- (c) Write the steps involved in the communication of I/O module with the peripheral for a read or write operation. 4
3. (a) Explain any two addressing schemes for the computer system, with suitable examples. 10
- (b) Draw and explain the basic structure of CPU. 5
4. (a) Draw and explain the architecture of a microcomputer. 10
- (b) What is an interrupt ? How is it processed ? 5

5. (a) Write an 8086 assembly language program to find the smallest and largest of the values in an array. 10
- (b) How are assembly language routines interfaced with high level language programs ? 5

