POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN APPLIED STATISTICS (PGDAST)

Term-End Examination December, 2024

MST-002: DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 50

Note: (i) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (ii) Attempt any four questions from the remaining Question Nos. 2 to 7.
- (iii) Use of scientific (non-programmable) calculator is allowed.
- (iv) Use of Formulae and Statistical Tables Booklet for PGDAST programme is allowed.
- (v) Symbols have their usual meanings.
- 1. State whether the following statements are true or false. Give reasons in support of your answers: $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (a) If the slope of the regression line is positive, then the correlation is also positive.

- (b) A researcher found the correlation between age of death and number of cigarettes smoked per day to be − 0.95. Based just on this information, the researcher conclude that smoking causes early death.
- (c) The mean is the score at the 50th percentile for skewed distribution.
- (d) If (AB) = 10, $(\alpha B) = 15$, $(A\beta) = 20$ and $(\alpha\beta) = 30$, then A and B are associated.
- (e) Kurtosis measures the direction and magnitude of the lack of symmetry of a distribution.
- 2. (a) The first of two samples has 100 items with mean 15 and standard deviation 3. If the whole group has 250 items with mean 15.6 and standard deviation $\sqrt{13.44}$, find standard deviation of second group.
 - (b) The first three moments of a distribution about the value 2 of the variable are: 1, 16 and -40 respectively. Show that the mean, variance and the values of μ_3 are respectively 3, 15 and -86.

- (c) The mean and standard deviation of 200 items are found to be 60 and 20. If at the time of calculation, two items are wrongly taken as 3 and 67 instead of 13 and 17, find correct mean and correct standard deviation.
- 3. (a) Compute the coefficient of skewness and kurtosis based on the following information: 8

x	f
4.5	1
14.5	5
24.5	12
34.5	22
44.5	17
54.5	9
64.5	4
74.5	3
84.5	1
94.5	1

(b) Describe the order of classes and class frequencies with a proper example. 2

4. (a) Define Spearman's Rank Correlation. The marks of ten students obtained in Statistics and Chemistry are given as follows:

[4]

Statistics	Chemistry
8	84
36	51
98	91
25	60
92	86
62	58
82	62
65	35
75	68
39	49

Find rank correlation.

(b) The following data are given for marks in Statistics and Economics: 2

Mean marks of Statistics, $\bar{x} = 39.5$

Mean marks of Economics, $\overline{y} = 47.5$

S. D. of marks in Statistics, $\sigma_x = 10.8$

S. D. of marks in Economics = 16.8

Correlation coefficient = +0.42

Find the two regression lines.

- (c) Differentiate the following with suitable example: 2+2
 - (i) Positive and Negative correlation
 - (ii) Multiple and Partial correlation
- 5. (a) Calculate Yule's coefficient of association for the following data:

$$A = 600$$
; $B = 800$, $(AB) = 600$; $N = 1000$

(b) Fit a straight line to the following data: 4

x	y
0	2
1	1
2	3
3	2
4	4
5	3
6	5

- (c) Define the Association of Attributes. Also describe the types of association. 3
- 6. (a) From the following data prepare 2×2table and using Yule's coefficient, discuss

whether there is any association between literacy and unemployment: 6

Illiterate Unemployed: 250 persons

Literate Employed: 25 persons

Illiterate Employed: 180 persons

Total Number of persons: 500

(b) Describe the method of finding of coefficient of contingency using Chi-square.

4

7. (a) From the given data in the following table:

7

X_1	X_2	X_3
1	3	4
3	5	5
4	6	6
7	7	9
10	9	11

- (i) Find the least square regression equation of X_1 on X_2 and X_3 .
- (ii) Estimate the value of X_1 for $X_2 = 45$ and $X_3 = 8$.

(b) Calculate the coefficient of concurrent deviation for the following data: 3

X	Y
368	122
384	121
385	124
360	125
347	122
384	126