## POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN APPLIED STATISTICS (PGDAST)

## Term-End Examination December, 2024

**MST-003: PROBABILITY THEORY** 

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 50

Note: (i) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (ii) Attempt any four questions from the remaining Question Nos. 2 to 7.
- (iii) Use of scientific (non-programmable) calculator is allowed.
- (iv) Use of "Formulae and Statistical Tables Booklet" for PGDAST is allowed.
- (v) Symbols have their usual meanings.
- 1. State whether the following statements are True or False. Give reasons in support of your answers:  $5\times2=10$

(a) If a discrete random variable X has the probability distribution given as:

X	p(x)	
0	c	
1	2c	
2	3c	

then its cumulative distribution will be:

X	$\mathbf{F}(x)$	
0	6c	
1	3c	
2	c	

- (b) If X is uniformly distributed over (-5,5), then P[X>3] will be  $\frac{1}{5}$ .
- (c) If P[X=3]=16P[X=7] for a binomial distribution with n=10, then its mean will be  $\frac{10}{3}$ .
- (d) If P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.3 and  $P(A \cup B) = 0.4$ , then A and B are independent.

- (e) If a card is drawn from a well-shuffled pack of 52 cards, then the probability that it is either a heart or a queen will be  $\frac{4}{13}$ .
- 2. (a) A bag contains 10 gold and 8 silver coins.

  Two successive drawings of 3 coins are made. Find the probability that the first drawing will give 3 gold and the second 4 silver coins when:
  - (i) the coins are replaced before the second draw.
  - (ii) the coins are not replaced before the second draw.
  - (b) In a certain competitive examination, an examinee either guesses or copies or knows the answer to a multiple choice question with four choices. The probability that he/she makes a guess in 0.35 and the probability that he/she copies the answer is 0.20. The probability that his/here answer is correct given that he/she copied is 0.15. Find the probability that he/she guessed the answer of the question. Given that he/she correctly answered it.

3. (a) A random variable X has the following probability distribution:

X	p(x)	
- 2	0.1	
-1	k	
0	0.2	
1	2k	
2	0.3	
3	3k	

- (i) Find *k*.
- (ii) Evaluate P(X < 2) and P(-2 < X < 2).
- (iii) Find cumulative probability distribution of X.
- (iv) Find mean of X.
- (b) The number of mistakes counted in one hundred typed pages by a typist revealed that he made 2.8 mistakes on an average per page. Find the probability that in a page typed by him:
  - (i) there is no mistake
  - (ii) there are two or less mistakes.

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- (i) less than 30
- (ii) between 30 and 70.
- (b) The joint p. d. f. of a two-dimensional random variable (X, Y) is given as: 5

$$f(x, y) = xy^2 + \frac{x^2}{8}; \quad 0 \le x < 2, \quad 0 \le y \le 1$$

Compute:

- (i) P(X > 1)
- (ii)  $P\left(Y < \frac{1}{2}\right)$
- (iii)  $P(X > 1 | Y < \frac{1}{2})$
- 5. (a) Buses arrive at a specified stop at 15 minutes interval starting at 7 A.M. If a passenger arrives at the stop at a random

time that is uniformly distributed between 7 A.M. and 7: 30 A.M., then find the probability that he waits: 5

- (i) less than 5 minutes for a bus
- (ii) at least 12 minutes for a bus.
- (b) An unbiased die is cast until 6 appears. What is the probability that is must be cast more than five times? Also find its mean and variance.
- multiple choice test consists 6. (a) Α of questions with 3 answers to each question (of which only one is correct). A student answers each question by rolling unbiased die and choose the first answer if he gets 1 or 2, the second answer if he gets 3 or 4 and the third answer if he gets 5 or 6. To get a distinction, the student must secure at least 75% correct answers. If there is no negative marking, what is the probability that the student secures a distinction? 5
  - (b) Suppose that on an average 1 customer per minute arrives at a shop. What is the probability that the shopkeeper will wait more than 3 minutes before the first two customers arrive? Assume that waiting time follows gamma distribution.

7. (a) The joint probability distribution of a pair of random variable (X, Y) is given in the following table:

X	- 1	0	1
-1	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
0	0	0	0
1	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

## Find:

- (i) Marginal distribution of X and Y.
- (ii) Conditional distribution of X given Y = 1.
- (b) A machine produces ball pens in a large number. The machine is known to produce 10 per cent defective ball pens. A quality control engineer is testing the produced ball pens randomly. What is the probability that at least 3 ball pens are examined in order to get 2 defectives? 5

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