## Ph. D. IN STATISTICS (PHDSTAT)

## Term-End Examination December, 2024

## RST-005 : STATISTICAL INFERENCE IN LIFE TESTING

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

**Note**: (i) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (ii) Attempt any four questions from Q. Nos. 2 to 7.
- (iii) Use of scientific non-programmable calculator is allowed.
- (iv) Symbols have their usual meanings.
- 1. (a) State whether the following statements are True or False. Give reasons in support of your answers:  $2\times6=12$ 
  - (i) The Rao-Blackwell theorem enables us to obtain minimum variance unbiased estimator through complete statistic.

(ii) The Cramer-Rao bound on the variance of an estimator T of parameter  $\theta$  is :

Var (T) 
$$\geq \frac{\left(\theta'\right)^2}{nE\left[\frac{\partial^2}{\partial\theta^2}\log f(x)\right]}$$

(iii) The form of Entropy Loss Function is :

$$L(\Delta) \propto \Delta^{p+1} - \log \Delta^p - 1$$

where 
$$\Delta = \frac{\hat{\theta}}{\theta}$$
.

- (iv) If we do not get the information about the failure of all units of an experiment, then obtained data is called complete data.
- (v) The numbers generated from a deterministic process is called random numbers.
- (vi) The reliability function of an exponential failure distribution with parameter  $\theta$  is  $1-e^{-\theta t}$ .
- (b) A researcher observed that the interarrival time of trucks arrive in a

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warehouse follows exp  $(\theta)$  with  $\theta = 0.2$ . Generate inter-arrival times of six trucks using the following U(0,1) random numbers:

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$$u_1 = 0.16$$
,  $u_2 = 0.30$ ,  $u_3 = 0.75$ ,  $u_4 = 0.51$ ,  $u_5 = 0.42$ ,  $u_6 = 0.10$ .

2. A faculty member of a university receives a number of e-mails. If X represents the number of spam e-mails in m e-mails and follows binomial distribution with parameter  $(m, \theta)$ , where  $\theta$  is the probability of getting spam e-mails, then find the posterior distribution of  $\theta$  considering the following beta distribution as prior:

$$f(\theta) = \frac{1}{\beta(a,b)} \theta^{a-1} (1-\theta)^{b-1}, \quad 0 \le \theta \le 1, a,b > 0.$$

Also find the Bayes estimate of  $\theta$  under SELF.

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3. Explain various techniques for generating random numbers. Also write their drawbacks.

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4. (a) Describe Gibbs sampling.

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(b) Solve the following definite integration using Monte-Carlo integration: 10

$$\int_0^2 e^{\frac{-x^2}{2}} dx$$

using random numbers given in 1 (b).

5. (a) For the following failure density function:

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$$f(x) = \alpha \lambda^{\alpha} x^{\alpha - 1} e^{(\lambda x)^{\alpha}} \exp\left(1 - e^{(\lambda x)^{\alpha}}\right), \ x > 0, \alpha, \lambda > 0$$

Find:

- (i) Reliability function,
- (ii) Cumulative failure distribution function
- (iii) Hazard function
- (b) If a system has n components which are connected in series, then derive the reliability expression:

$$\mathbf{R}(t) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{R}_{i}$$

of the system.

6. Find the Cramer-Rao lower bound for variance of estimator  $\overline{X}$  of the parameter  $\theta$  of the following distribution:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-x/\theta}; \quad x > 0, \theta > 0$$

Also show that  $\overline{X}$  is UMVUE for  $\theta$ .

7. Write short notes on any *two* of the following:

10+10

- (i) Time and failure censoring schemes
- (ii) Metropolis algorithm
- (iii) Various loss functions