BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (APPLIED SCIENCE—ENERGY) (BSCAEY)

Term-End Examination

June, 2025

BEY-019: REAL ANALYSIS AND DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory. Answer any six questions from the remaining question nos. 2 to 9. Use of scientific calculator (non-programmable) is allowed in the exam. Symbols have their usual meanings.

- 1. State whether the following statements are True *or* False and also give the reasons in support of your answer: $5\times2=10$
 - (a) Two numbers are reciprocal of each other. If the arithmetic mean of the two

numbers be $\frac{13}{12}$, then the numbers are

$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 and $\frac{5}{2}$.

- (b) $\lim_{x \to z} (x+z) = 2$
- (c) The logical equivalent proposition of $p \Leftrightarrow q$ is:

$$(p \rightarrow q) \land (q \rightarrow p)$$
.

(d)
$$\int_{3}^{5} 6 dx = 12$$

(e) If
$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$
, then $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{2}{x^3}$.

- 2. (a) In a certain town 25% families own a mobile phone, 15% families own a scooter and 65% families own neither a mobile nor a scooter. If 1500 families own both a mobile phone and a scooter, then find the total number of families in the town.
 - (b) (i) Is the function 2x+7, one-one function, where x is a real number?

(ii) Is the function $f: \mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{R}$ defined by:

$$f(x) = e^{2x+3}, \quad x \in \mathbf{R}$$

an onto function?

3. (a) Find the domain of the function: 5

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$$

(b) Find the range of the function: 5

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{1 + x^2}$$

4. (a) What is the equation of a line whose slope is 2 and where y intercept is $\frac{3}{4}$?

5

- (b) Find the three numbers in G. P. having sum 19 and product 216.
- 5. Construct truth tables for the following statements: 5+5=10
 - (a) $(p \rightarrow \neg q) \land (\neg p \lor q)$
 - (b) $(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \lor (p \land \neg q)$

6. Solve the following discrete difference equations: 3+7=10

(a)
$$y_{t+1} = 2y_t + 33$$

(b)
$$y_{t+2} + 15 y_{t+1} + 25 y_t = 1 + t^2$$

7. Evaluate:

(a) $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(1 - \cos 2x)\sin 5x}{x^2 \sin 3x}$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^3 - x^2 - 18}{x - 3}$$

8. (a) If $y = \cos x + \sin x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = \frac{2\pi}{3}$.

5

(b) If
$$y = \frac{x-4}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$$
, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 1$.

9. (a) Evaluate the following integrals: 4

$$I = \int x^3 e^{x^2} dx .$$

(b)
$$I = \int_0^5 |x^2 - 3x + 2| dx$$

 $\times \times \times \times \times$