POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN APPLIED STATISTICS (PGDAST)

Term-End Examination

June, 2025

MSTE-003: BIOSTATISTICS-I

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 50

Note: (i) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

- (ii) Attempt any four questions from the remaining question nos. 2 to 7.
- (iii) Use of scientific (non-programmable) calculator is allowed.
- (iv) Use of Formulae and Statistical

 Tables Booklet for PGDAST is
 allowed.
- (v) Symbols have their usual meanings.

- 1. State whether the following statements are True or False. Give reasons in support of your answers: $5\times2=10$
 - (a) Primary prevention includes strategies designed to reduce the incidence of disease.
 - (b) A control can only be a placebo.
 - (c) Equality of slopes is the basic requirement for the parallel-line assay.
 - (d) The quantal assay is applicable, when the response is the percentage of subjects who responded to a treatment at different doses.
 - (e) Complete life table is more elaborate than an abridged life table.
- (a) Describe the different types of methods for collecting data for vital statistics in brief.
 - (b) Write a short note on Role of Statistics in Bioassay. 2
 - (c) Describe the various columns of a life table.

3. In a quantal assay, the number of cured cases for 5 doses of a standard and 4 doses of a new test drugs are recorded in the following table:

	d_i	n_i	r_i
Standard	3	28	5
	6	30	9
	9	24	14
	12	32	24
	15	27	23
Test	2	31	4
	4	25	10
	6	30	18
	8	25	18

Determine the median effective dose for the standard and test drugs using regression model.

4. (a) The number of births occurring in a country in 1958 classified according to age of mother, together with the female

population in each group of the childbearing period is given as follows:

Age	Female Population (in '000)	No. of Births to mother in the age group
15—19	84.79	2,343
20—24	70.01	14,541
25—29	72.66	16,736
30—34	75.92	10,218
35—39	75.10	5,134
40—44	71.62	1,422
45—49	66.66	93
Total	516.66	50,487

The total population of the country in 1958 was 2285.8 thousand. With the given information, determine (i) CBR, (ii) GFR, (iii) The ASFR for the country in 1958.

(b) Explain any *five* types of biases in clinical trials.

- 5. (a) Describe descriptive and analytic epidemiology. 5
 - (b) Define experimental and nonexperimental studies. 5
- 6. (a) Describe the need of clinical trial in brief. 5
 - (b) Dexamethasone Suppression Test (DST) is applied on 293 cases of depression and 207 healthy persons having no depression. The results of the test are shown as follows:

		Depression Status		
		Yes D+	No D-	Total
Result of DST	T+	114	6	120
	T-	179	201	380
	Total	293	207	500

What are the sensitivity and specificity of the test? Also determine the positive and negative predictive value of the test.

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7. (a)	The service area of a PHC recorded the
	following data, during the year 2009:
	Mid Year Population (MYP) 30,000
	Live births 600
	Deaths within 28 days of birth 24
	Deaths from 29th day to one
	year of birth 12
	Maternal deaths 1
	Calculate the following rates for the
	year: 5
	(a) Crude Birth Rate (CBR)
	(b) Neonatal Mortality Rate (NMR)
	(c) Post-Neonatal Mortality Rate (PNMR)
	(d) Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)
	(e) Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR)
(b)	Differentiate between direct and
	indirect bioassays. 5

