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BEGLA-137

**BACHELOR OF ARTS (GENERAL)
(BAG)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2026

**BEGLA-137 : LANGUAGE THROUGH
LITERATURE**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : *Attempt all questions.*

1. Read the extract given below and answer
the questions : 10

O wild West Wind, thou breath of Autumn's
being,

Thou, from whose unseen presence the
leaves dead

Are driven, like ghosts from an enchanter
fleeing,

Yellow, and black, and pale, and hectic red,
Pestilence-stricken multitudes : O Thou,
whose chariotest to their dark wintry bed
The winged seeds, where they lie cold and
low,

Each like a corpse within its grave, until
Thine azure sister of the spring shall blow
Her clarion o'er the dreaming earth, and fill
(Driving sweet buds like flocks to feed in air)
With living hues and odours plain and hill :
With spirit, which art moving everywhere;
Destroyer and preserver; hear, oh hear !

Name of the poem : Ode to the West Wind

By : Percy Bysshe Shelley

(Reference of the extract : The Norton Anthology of English Literature (10th ed. Vol. D).

- (i) What two roles does the speaker assign to the West Wind in this stanza ? 2
- (ii) Which rhyme scheme does Shelley use in the above stanza ? 2
- (iii) How does the poem juxtapose ideas of death and rebirth ? 2
- (iv) Why Shelley addresses the Wind as 'Destroyer and Preserver' ? 2
- (v) How does Shelley depict the leaves ? 2

2. Write short notes in about **150** words each on any *two* of the following (Give examples) : 2×10=20

- (a) Onomatopoeia

- (b) Assonance
 - (c) Alliteration
 - (d) Rhyme
3. Identify and explain figure of speech in the following sentences : 10
- (a) Time is a thief.
 - (b) Her smile was as bright as the sun.
 - (c) The leaves danced in the breeze.
 - (d) I've told you a million times !
 - (e) Can you spare your wallet ?
4. Match the modal verbs/phrases with their meanings : 10
- | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| (A) Will be | (i) Moral obligation |
| (B) Ought to | (ii) Future certainty |
| (C) Must be | (iii) Hypothetical situations |
| (D) Can be | (iv) Almost certain |
| (E) Would be | (v) Ability, permission |

5. Complete the sentences by using the correct form of words given : 10

- (i) He to Ludhiana. (go)
- (ii) Ram never she will do this.
(think)
- (iii) I rice for ₹ 10 a kilo.
(purchase)
- (iv) Rahul a new car yesterday.
(buy)
- (v) The children played in the park. (happy)
- (vi) The storm caused a major
outrage. (electric)
- (vii) The playground was filled with the
laughter of (child)

(viii) She ran to catch the bus.

(quick)

(ix) His helped me. (strong)

(x) The teacher gave us an

(inform)

6. Write a short note on 'Metonymy' in about
150 words. 10

7. (a) Use correct articles in the following
sentences : 5

(i) Sita is eating egg daily.

(ii) Rohit is good boy.

(iii) Nehru was first P.M. of
India.

(iv) United States is a strong
country.

(v) She's princess.

(b) Unscramble the jumbled up

sentences : 5

(i) The pool / enjoy/ we / in /
swimming.

(ii) The wears / cat / a hot / funny.

(iii) The loudly / barks / the dog / at
strangers.

(iv) The / cold / outside / it's / so / a /
coat / wear.

(v) Playing / soccer / the / field / kids /
are / in.

8. Name the rhetorical device used in the
following sentences : 10

(i) The river snake's it's way through
the mountains.

(ii) Murmuring sound of the water was very attractive.

(iii) I enjoy reading Shakespeare.

(iv) It was the best of time, it was the worst of time.

(v) They fought like cats and dogs.

9. Define the following, giving suitable examples : $2 \times 5 = 10$

(i) Irony

(ii) Paradox

(iii) Metaphor

(iv) Symbol

(v) Imagery

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